[IMAGE]

Maintain Strong Bones with Exercise

Women begin to lose bone mass around the age of 30, putting them at risk for osteoporosis (thin, brittle

bones) and associated fractures and back pain. Nutritional adjustments, such as increasing daily calcium

intake, have been shown to increase bone density, but can exercise adjustments benefit as well?

An article published in the journal Sports Medicine investigated the potential role of exercise in helping

women maintain bone mass. The researchers analyzed 21 different studies and presented their conclusions:

€ Regular exercise can delay or halt bone loss in women.

€ Weightbearing exercises are considerably more effective than exercises that do not involve any

loading.

€ Premenopausal and postmenopausal women can benefit from a consistent exercise routine.

So what constitutes "weightbearing exercise"? Basically, it's any activity that stresses your bones against

your full body weight, such as walking, running, tennis, step aerobics, or stair climbing (actual stair

climbing, not on a machine). All those rowers, bicycles, gliders and ski machines at the gym will provide a

good cardiovascular workout, but they won¹t help you build or maintain bone mass.

Talk to your chiropractor about your particular exercise and nutritional needs as a woman. A consistent

fitness program that includes weightbearing and non-weightbearing exercises can help keep you healthy

inside and out.

Reference:

Ernst E. Exercise for female osteoporosis. A systematic review of randomized clinical trials Sports Medicine

1998: Vol. 25, No. 6, pp359-68.

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