[IMAGE]

Fit Body, Fit Brain

By Editorial Staff

This isn't the first time (and it won't be the last) that we share the connection between exercise and <u>brain</u> <u>health</u>. The latest evidence linking the two comes courtesy of a study published in *Neurology*. Investigators interviewed nearly 900 elderly people (average age: 71 years; no signs of cognitive decline) regarding their exercise habits over a two-week period; gave each person an MRI and various cognitive tests seven years later; and then repeated the tests five years after that to compare results.

Seniors who had reported performing moderate- to high-intensity exercise such as aerobics or running had less decline in memory and processing skills compared to seniors who had reported performing low-intensity exercise (gardening, walking) at the start of the study. In fact, the brains of people who reported low activity aged approximately 10 years more than brains of the high-activity group, according to the researchers.

You might recall that we <u>recently reported</u> on another study that linked exercise to increased telomere length. (Telomeres are basically the "caps" on DNA strands; their length and quality is an indicator of cell age.) The point is, exercise is fast becoming more than just a great way to keep your body in shape; it can help keep your brain in shape, too.

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